| Which specimen has sutures ? A, B, C, D | Quiz 3 – Dec. 10, 2018 |
|--|--|
| B D | Which organism was benthic and sessile? A, B, C, D, None |
| A C | Which organism was/were pelagic swimmers? A, B, C, D |
| STATION 3 refer to specimen in box see page 4 for pictures for online version Three of these fossils are from the same Phylum. Can you: a) Name the common Phylum for 3 of them b) Identify the Genus of the specimen that is a different Phylum. Cnidaria, Anthozoa, Malacostraca, Isotelus, Favosites Can you name the class for each specimen: | STATION 4 - refer to specimen in box see page 5 for pictures for online version Which of these is NOT a fossil? Why not? A, B, C, D Shell D is from which Phylum Porifera, Brachipoda, Cnidaria, Echinodermata, Arthropoda Which shell(s) are from the Mollusca Phylum A, B, C, D |
| The upper smooth part of his body is his: pygidium, thorax, spicule, cephalon, euphyra TRUE OR FALSE: This creature was sessile and benthic. | Which organism survived the Cretaceous extinction Can you name the Genus for F8 ? |
| Class Genus When did he live? Cambrian, Devonian, Permian, Triassic What feature is poorly developed that identifies him as a early member of his Class? | Identify the Phylum of each specimen F5 F7 F6 F8 Which of these fossils were sessile? F5, F6, F7, F8 Which of these fossils is in the Cephalopoda Class? |
| STATION 1 Can you name this fossil? Phylum | STATION 2 refer to specimen in box see page 3 for pictures for online version |

| STATION 5 refer to box, or see page 6 for pictures if online | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Identify the Phylum of each diag | gram: |
| A | В |
| C | D |
| Which of these fossils was sessil | le? A, B. C. D. |
| Which are filter feeders | A. B. C. D. |
| Which depicts a Class of organisms now extinct A. B. C. D | |
| Which organism has a siphuncle? A, B, C, D | |
| What was siphuncle used for? | |
| STATION 6: Match the Fossil name to his Geologic Period | |
| Dactylioceras | A. Cretaceous |
| Pecten | B. Silurian |
| Archimedes | C. Cambrian |
| Mucrospifer | D. Jurassic |
| Orthoceras | E. Permian |
| Belemnitella | F. Devonian |
| Elrathia | G. Recent |
| Circle the Genus on the left that | t are in Phylum Mollusca |

STATION 7

Which of the following statements is/are false?

- A. Bivalves went extinct in the Cretaceous
- B. All cephalopods are pelagic
- C. Nautiloids are found in the Gulf of Mexico.
- D. Many Gastropods have operculum.
- E. Conus are predators that live today.
- F. Turitella are benthic filter feeders
- G. Leptanaea are Arthropods.
- H. 80% of all living organisms today are Arthropods.
- I. Cephalopods disperse poison from their operculum.

STATION 2.









F7



F8



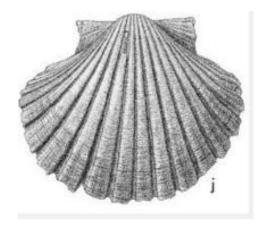
Quiz 3 – Dec. 10, 2018

STATION 3. B D

Quiz 3 – Dec. 10, 2018

STATION 4.









C

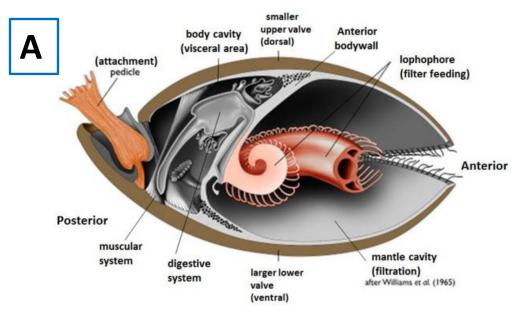


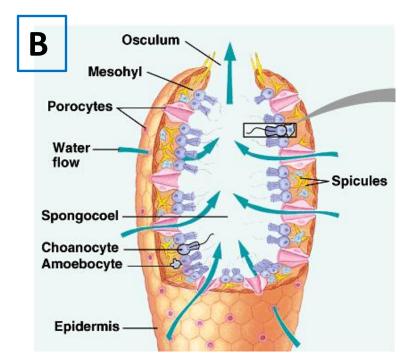
D

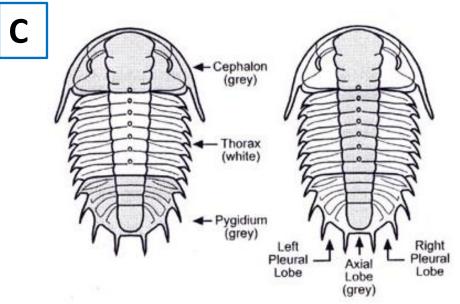


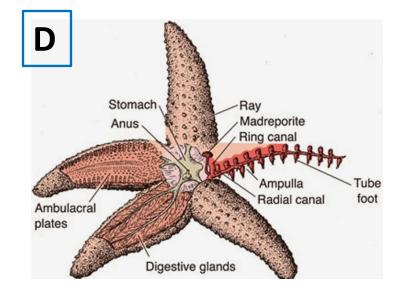
Quiz 3 – Dec. 10, 2018

STATION 5.









Quiz 3 - Dec. 10, 2018

Answers

Station 1.
Arthropoda
Trilobita
Elrathia
lived in Cambrian
Eyes poorly
developed
Cephalon
False, not sessile

Station 2.

F5 – Bryozoa

F6 – Brachiopoda

F7 – Mollusca

F8 - Brachiopoda

F5, F6, & F8 sessile none are Cephalopods F7 survived the Cret.

F8 is Juresina

Station 3.

3 are Mollusca

Favosites

A. Cephalopod

B. Cephalopod

C. Gastropod

D. Anthozoa

A has sutures

Station 4.

D is a modern shell, not a fossil

Echniodermata

A,B,C are Mollusca

C (Exogyra) was pelagic None were BOTH benthic

and sessile.

Station 5.

- A. Brachiopod
- B. Porifera
- C. Arthropoda
- D. Mollusca

A and B - sessile

A and B – filter feeders

C is extinct Class

D has a siphuncle, which was used for changing buoyancy in water column

Station 6.

Dactylioceras - Jurassic (D)

Pecten - Recent (G)

Archimedes – Permian (E)

Mucrospirifer – Devonian (F)

Orthoceras – Silurian (B)

Belemnitella – Cretaceous (A)

Elrathia – Cambrian (C)

Station 7.

- A. False
- B. True
- C. True
- D. True
- E. True
- F. Ture
- G. False
- H. True
- I. False