## **Class Aves**

Birds (class Aves or clade Avialae) are feathered, winged, two-legged, warm-blooded, egg-laying vertebrates. Modern birds are characterised by feathers, a beak with no teeth, the laying of hard-shelled eggs, a high metabolic rate, a four-chambered heart, and a lightweight but strong skeleton.

## 78. Genus – Archaeoptaryx (Late Jurassic, ~150 MYA)

- Transitional from dinoasur to bird
- First fossil to display traditional reptile characteristics (teeth, clawed fingers, tail) and also flight feathered wings characteristic of modern birds
- Similar in size to a raven


.\_\_\_\_\_



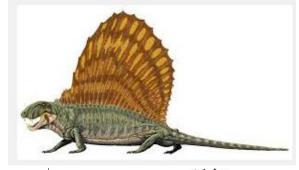


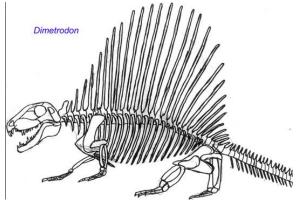


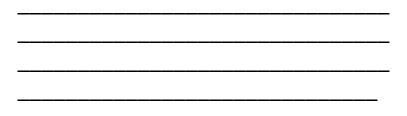
# **Mammal-like "Reptiles"**

# Clade Synapsia Family Sphenacodontidae 79. Genus - Dimetrodon

- Predated dinosaurs
- More akin to mammals in skeletal structure but not mammals
- Early Permian (290-270 MYA)
- Quadrupedal, top Permian predator
- Characterized by "sail" coming off their vertebrae



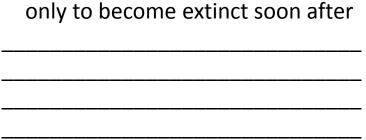


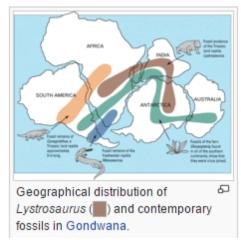


# Clade Synapsia Order Theraspidas 80. *Genus - Lystrosaurus*

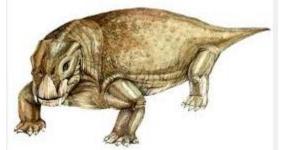
Late Permian-Triassic (255-240 MYA)

- Herbivorous, pig-sized
- Survived the Permian extinction, only to become extinct soon after









# Mammals (pg. 1 of 4)

## **Class Mammalia**

81. Genus Basilosaurus

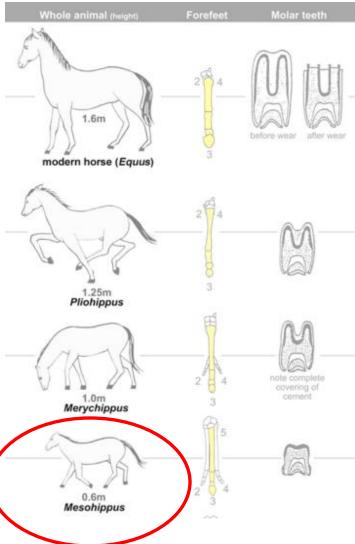
- Early marine mammal (whale)
- 40-34 MYA (Eocene)
- Saurus in the name is "wrong"
- 12-20m long

## **Class Mammalia**

82. Genus Equus

- Modern Horses
- First species were dog-size
   ~50 MYA
- Oligocene and Miocene species were larger, today's size just 4 MYA
- Grass and sedge eating herbivores


See #87



# Mammals (pg. 2 of 4)

#### Class Mammalia

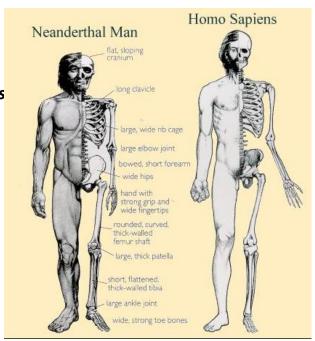
83. Genus Homo – Species neanderthalensis

- Extinct species of our Genus
- 0.3 to 0.03 MYA (3000,000 to 30,000 years)
- Extinction in Europe can be related to extreme cold period
- Also 5,000 years after Homo sapiens appeared
- Genus Homo is 2.4 MY old


### **Class Mammalia**

84. Genus Mammut (Mastodon)

- North and Central America
- Pliocene-Pleistocene (5.3 to 0.1 MYA)
- Extinction by climate change combined with hunters







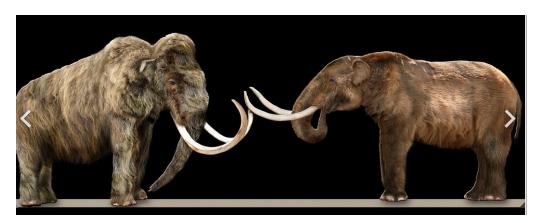
# Mammals (pg. 3 of 4)

#### Class Mammalia

85. Genus Mammuthus (Mammoth)

- More global than Mastodon
- Also 5 MY, but til 4,500 yrs. ago

					_
, ,					 _
-	 	 	 		 _



Mammoth

## **Class Mammalia**

86. Genus Megacerops

- Extinct rhinoceras-like browser related to horses
- Large horns, larger than modern rhino, about elephant sized
- 38-34 MY in Late Eocene Epoch
- North American genus


## Mastodon



1			
		Ĭ.	
		<b>)</b>	$\leftarrow$
	_//		•

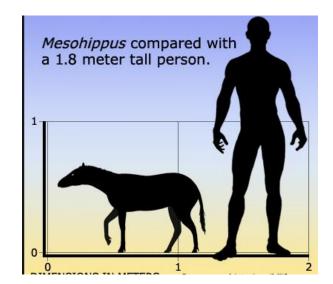
# Mammals (pg. 4 of 4)

#### Class Mammalia

87. Genus Mesohippus

- Ancestor to modern horse (Equus) -- see #82
- Eocene-Oligocene (30-40 MY)



#### **Class Mammalia**

88. Genus Smilodon

- saber-toothed tiger
- N. and S. America
- 2.5 MY until 10,000 years ago
- La Brea Tar pits (look it up!)

